

General Assembly

Amendment

January Session, 2021

LCO No. **9166**



Offered by:

REP. FISHBEIN, 90th Dist. REP. ARORA, 151st Dist.

To: Subst. Senate Bill No. 908

File No. 287

Cal. No. 498

"AN ACT CONCERNING ACCESS TO CERTAIN **EMPLOYEES** BY THE **EXCLUSIVE BARGAINING** REPRESENTATIVE OF A PUBLIC EMPLOYER BARGAINING UNIT."

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the 2 following in lieu thereof:

3 "Section 1. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2021) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a public employer shall provide the exclusive union representative of a public employee union, in an editable digital 6 file format, when reasonable and agreed to by the public employer and 7 exclusive union representative, the following information if on file with 8 the employer: Name, job title, department, work location, work 9 telephone number and, subject to section 1-217 of the general statutes, 10 the home address of any newly hired employee. The public employer 11 shall provide the exclusive union representative such information, 12 when reasonable, with-real time electronic transmission of new hire 13 data but in no event later than ten days after such employee is hired or 14 not later than the first pay period of the month following the hiring of

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such employee. For purposes of this section, "public employer" means
(1) "employer", as defined in section 5-270 of the general statutes, (2)
"municipal employer", as defined in section 7-467 of the general statutes,
and (3) local and regional boards of education.

- (b) (1) Each public employer shall provide the exclusive union representative of a public employee union with access to its new employee orientations. The public employer shall give the exclusive union representative not less than seven days' written or electronic notice in advance of such an orientation, except a shorter notice may be provided in any instance where there is an urgent need critical to the public employer's operations. The exclusive union representative shall provide the public employer with the physical and electronic address regarding such notice annually by January thirty-first of each year. The structure, time and manner of such exclusive union representative's access shall be determined through a mutual agreement between the parties, subject to the provisions of this subsection. Nothing in this section shall require a public employer to hold an employee orientation if it is the custom and practice of the public employer not to do so.
- (2) Upon request of the public employer or the exclusive union representative, the parties shall negotiate regarding the structure, time and manner of access by the exclusive union representative to a new employee orientation. Failure to reach agreement on such structure, time and manner of such access shall be subject to compulsory interest arbitration pursuant to this subsection. The failure of the public employer and exclusive union representative to reach agreement and the initiation of arbitration pursuant to this subsection shall not stay or otherwise prevent the public employer from proceeding with the employee orientation at issue.
- (3) When negotiating access regarding a new employee orientation pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection, if a dispute has not been resolved within forty-five days after the first meeting of the parties or within sixty days after the initial request to negotiate was made, whichever is earlier, either party may make a demand for compulsory

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interest arbitration. If such a demand is made, any procedure prescribed pursuant to the general statutes shall apply, except that the factors considered by the arbitrator shall be: (A) The ability of the exclusive union representative to communicate with the public employees it represents, (B) the legal obligations of the exclusive union representative to such public employees, (C) state, federal and local laws that are applicable to the employer and the employees, (D) stipulations of the parties, (E) the interests and welfare of the public and the financial condition and day-to-day operations of similarly situated public agencies, (F) the structure, time and manner of access of the exclusive union representative to a new employee orientation in comparable public agencies, including, but not limited to, access provisions in other memoranda of understanding or collective bargaining agreements containing such provisions, (G) the labor organization's need to meaningfully communicate through cost-effective and efficient means with the public employees it represents, and (H) any other factors that are normally or traditionally taken into consideration in establishing the structure, time and manner of access of the exclusive union representative to a new employee orientation.

- (c) A public employer shall provide the exclusive union representative access to the public employees that such exclusive union representative represents. Such access includes, but shall not be limited to: (1) The right to meet with individual employees on the premises of the public employer during the workday to investigate and discuss grievances, workplace-related complaints, and other workplace issues, (2) the right to conduct worksite meetings during meal periods and during other paid or unpaid breaks, and before and after the workday, on the employer's premises, and (3) the right to meet with newly hired employees within the bargaining unit, without charge to the pay or leave time of the employees, for up to sixty minutes, within thirty calendar days from the date of hire.
- (d) In addition to any labor organization's right to employee information pursuant to the laws of this state or any applicable collective bargaining agreement, beginning on January 1, 2020, every

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one hundred twenty calendar days, unless more frequent or more detailed lists are required by an agreement between the parties, a public employer shall provide the exclusive union representative, in an editable digital file format when reasonable and agreed to by the parties, the following information for all negotiations: Each bargaining unit employee's name, job title, worksite location, work telephone number, date of hire, work electronic mail address and, if authorized by the employee via written authorization provided to the exclusive union representative, the employee's home address, home telephone number, personal cellular mobile telephone number and personal electronic mail address if on file with the public employer. Any written authorization required under this subsection may be revoked by the employee at any time and such authorization or revocation shall be provided to the exclusive union representative at either the physical or electronic address provided by such representative pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this section. Any exclusive union representative that obtains information pursuant to this subsection shall not disclose such information to any unaffiliated third party, excluding vendors the exclusive union representative may use for purposes of printing or disseminating communications to members concerning the collective bargaining agreement and related negotiations. It shall be a prohibited labor practice for the exclusive union representative to use or release the information obtained pursuant to this subsection for any purpose other than concerning the collective bargaining agreement and related negotiations. The provisions of section 36a-701b of the general statutes shall apply to any improper release of any personal information, as defined in said section, obtained by the exclusive union representative pursuant to this section. Nothing in this section shall limit the right of an employee to seek additional remedies in court or otherwise for an improper release of information obtained pursuant to this section.

(e) The exclusive union representative shall have the right to use the electronic mail systems of public employers to communicate with bargaining unit members regarding collective bargaining, the administration of collective bargaining agreements, the investigation of

grievances, other workplace-related complaints and issues and internal union matters involving the governance or business of the union. Any communications made pursuant to this section shall be subject to chapter 14 of the general statutes. The provisions of this subsection shall not limit the rights of a labor organization to communicate with public employees.

- (f) Consistent with the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, the exclusive union representative shall have the right to use state and municipal government buildings and other facilities that are owned or leased by government entities to conduct meetings with bargaining unit members. An exclusive union representative shall have the right to hold such meetings at a reasonable time and place, provided the meetings do not interfere with the public employer's operations. Use of state and municipal government buildings and other facilities that are owned or leased by government entities pursuant to this subsection may be subject to customary and regular charges for such use, if any, as uniformly applied to other persons or entities, consistent with existing policies, if any, and as may be adopted or amended by the government entity.
- (g) The requirements set forth in this section establish the minimum requirements for access to and communication with bargaining unit employees by the exclusive union representative and shall not prevent a public employer from granting the exclusive union representative greater access to or communication with public employees.
- (h) Employees, including retired employees, of a public employer, may authorize deductions, consistent with state and federal law, to be made from their salaries, wages or retirement allowances for the payment of dues in, or for any other service, program or committee provided or sponsored by any employee organization or bona fide association whose membership is comprised, in whole or in part, of employees of the public employer and employees of such organization and which has as one of its objectives improvements in the terms or conditions of employment for the advancement of the welfare of such

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(i) A public employer shall honor employee authorizations created or adopted by a labor organization for the deductions described in any form that satisfies the requirements of the Connecticut Uniform Electronic Transactions Act, sections 1-266 to 1-286, inclusive, of the general statutes, including, but not limited to, electronic and voice authorizations that meet the requirements of an electronic signature pursuant to said act.

- (j) Public employers that provide for the administration of payroll deductions authorized by employees for employee organizations shall: (1) Rely on a certification from any employee organization requesting a deduction or reduction that such organization has and will maintain an authorization, signed by the individual from whose salary or wages the deduction or reduction is to be made. An employee organization that that it has and will maintain individual employee authorizations shall not be required to provide a copy of an individual authorization to the public employer unless a dispute arises about the existence or terms of the authorization. The employee organization shall indemnify the public employer for any claims made by the employee for deductions made in reliance on that certification, and (2) direct employee requests to cancel or change deductions for employee organizations to the employee organization, rather than to the public employer. The public employer shall rely on information provided by the employee organization regarding whether deductions for an employee organization were properly canceled or changed, and the employee organization shall indemnify the public employer for any claims made by the employee for deductions made in reliance on such information.
- (k) A labor organization or public employer shall only be liable to each other for any amounts improperly deducted pursuant to this section. No further damages or penalties shall be awarded by any public agency or court. Nothing in this section shall limit the right of an employee to bring a claim or seek any relief against either the public

employer or exclusive union representative for amounts improperly deducted.

- (l) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a public employer shall be liable to a labor organization, without recourse to the employees, for the full amount of dues that such employer fails to remit to the labor organization, provided the labor organization has complied with the provisions of this section.
- (m) If a dispute arises between the employee and the labor organization regarding the existence, validity or revocation of a payroll deduction authorization, the dispute shall be resolved through a prohibited labor practice proceeding pursuant to sections 5-272, 5-274, 7-470, 7-471 and 10-153e of the general statutes, as applicable.
- (n) A public employer shall not deter or discourage public employees or applicants for public employee positions from becoming or remaining members of an employee organization, or from authorizing representation by an employee organization, or from authorizing dues or deductions to an employee organization.
- (o) It shall be a prohibited labor practice for a public employer to: (1) Encourage an employee to resign or decline to obtain membership in a labor organization, (2) encourage an employee to revoke authorization for a payroll deduction of dues to a labor organization, (3) knowingly aid any such effort by any other entity, and (4) permit use of the employer's electronic mail system by any entity to discourage membership in a labor organization or discourage authorization of payroll deduction of dues to a labor organization. It shall be a prohibited labor practice for an exclusive union representative to contact an employee who has advised the exclusive union representative, in writing or via electronic mail at the address provided in subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this section that he or she no longer wishes to be contacted by the exclusive union representative, except that the exclusive union representative may continue to contact any such employee in order to comply with its duty of fair representation under

- section 5-271 of the general statutes.
- Sec. 2. Section 5-271 of the general statutes is amended by adding
- 216 subsection (g) as follows (*Effective July 1, 2021*):
- 217 (NEW) (g) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) to (f),
- inclusive, of this section, any employee may opt out of membership of
- 219 any employee organization.
- Sec. 3. Section 5-280 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):
- 222 (a) If an exclusive representative has been designated for the
- 223 employees in an appropriate collective bargaining unit, each employee
- 224 [in such unit who is not a member of the exclusive representative shall
- be required, as a condition of continued employment, to pay to such
- 226 organization for the period that it is the exclusive representative, an
- amount equal to the regular dues, fees and assessments that a member
- is charged] who has opted out of membership shall not be required to
- 229 make any payment to the exclusive representative.
- 230 (b) Employers and employee organizations are authorized to
- 231 negotiate provisions in a collective bargaining agreement calling for the
- payroll deduction of employee organization dues and initiation fees.
- 233 [and for payroll deduction of the service fee described in subsection (a)
- 234 of this section.]
- Sec. 4. Subsection (a) of section 7-468 of the general statutes is
- repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1*,
- 237 2021):
- 238 (a) Employees shall have, and shall be protected in the exercise of, the
- 239 right of self-organization, to form, join, not join or assist any employee
- organization, to bargain collectively through representatives of their
- own choosing on questions of wages, hours and other conditions of
- 242 employment and to engage in other concerted activities for the purpose
- 243 of collective bargaining or other mutual aid or protection, free from

244 actual interference, restraint or coercion."

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:

Section 1	October 1, 2021	New section
Sec. 2	July 1, 2021	5-271
Sec. 3	July 1, 2021	5-280
Sec. 4	July 1, 2021	7-468(a)